



BOARD OF DIRECTORS MANDATE

1. Primary Objective

The primary objective of the Board in discharging its mandate is the effective and efficient conduct by the Corporation of its business and affairs in accordance with its articles, by-laws and policies, and in a manner and to the extent consistent with applicable law and with the purpose of enhancing and preserving shareholder value while taking into account the legitimate interests of employees, customers, lenders and the wider communities.

Accordingly, the Board will be concerned with such matters as strategic and financial planning, risk assessment and mitigation, senior management determination, corporate governance, public disclosure and compliance monitoring.

2. Directors

Each director has the duty to act in the best interests of the Corporation and in so doing must thoroughly understand the nature and extent of the Corporation's business and affairs while maintaining an acute awareness of the political, economic, social, legal and environmental realities and constraints prevailing in all jurisdictions in which the Corporation conducts, or proposes to conduct, its business and affairs. In exercising their powers and in discharging their duties, the directors shall:

- act honestly and in good faith with a view to the best interests of the Corporation¹;
- exercise the care, diligence and skill that a reasonably prudent person would exercise in comparable circumstances²;
- disclose to the Corporation the nature and extent of any interest that the director has in a material contract or material transaction with the Corporation if the director is a party to the contract or transaction, is a director or an officer, or an individual acting in a similar capacity, of a party to the contract or transaction or has a material interest in a party to the contract or transaction³;
- comply with the *Business Corporation Act* (Alberta) ("ABCA") and the regulations enacted thereunder as well as with the Corporation's articles and by-laws⁴; and
- comply with their obligations under applicable law and the policies adopted by the Corporation.

¹ Paragraph 122(1)(a) of the ABCA

² Paragraph 122(1)(b) of the ABCA

³ Subsection 120(1) of the ABCA

⁴ Subsection 122(2) of the ABCA

3. Mandate

(a) statutory responsibilities

The Board has the statutory responsibility:

- to supervise the management of the business and affairs of the Corporation⁵;
- to review and to approve the annual consolidated financial statements of the Corporation⁶;
- to place before the shareholders at every annual meeting the annual consolidated financial statements of the Corporation, the report of the auditor and any further information respecting the financial position of the Corporation and the results of its operations required by the articles and by-laws of the Corporation⁷.

The Board is also responsible for considering the following matters as a full Board which in law may not be delegated to management or to a committee of the Board⁸:

- any submission to the shareholders of a question or matter requiring the approval of the shareholders;
- the filling of a vacancy among the directors or in the office of auditor, or appointment of additional directors;
- the declaration of dividends;
- the purchase, redemption or any other form of acquisition of securities issued by the Corporation;
- the approval of a management proxy circulars;
- the approval of any take-over bid circular or directors' circular;
- the approval of annual consolidated financial statements of the Corporation; and
- the adoption, amendment or repeal of the by-laws of the Corporation.

(b) strategic and financial planning

The Board has the responsibility:

- to review and consider for approval the strategic and financial objectives of the Corporation proposed by management;
- to review and consider for approval the operating and capital budgets of the Corporation proposed by management;

⁵ Subsection 101(1) of the ABCA

⁶ Subsection 158(1) of the ABCA

⁷ Subsection 155(1) of the ABCA

⁸ Subsection 115(3) of the ABCA

- to review and consider for approval all amendments or departures from the established strategic and financial objectives and budgets of the Corporation as proposed by management; and
- to review financial performance of the Corporation measured against the financial objectives and budgets of the Corporation.

(c) risk assessment and mitigation

The Board has the responsibility:

- to ensure that management has identified and assessed the principal risks attendant on the business and affairs of the Corporation and has achieved an appropriate balance between the risks incurred and the anticipated benefits; and
- to confirm that there are systems in place which effectively monitor and mitigate those risks with a view to achieving the strategic and financial objectives of the Corporation.

(d) senior management determination

The Board has the responsibility:

- to appoint the CEO and approve the primary duties of the CEO;
- to approve the terms and conditions (including compensation) of the CEO's employment by the Corporation;
- to monitor and assess the performance of the CEO measured against the strategic and financial objectives of the Corporation;
- if requested by the CEO, to advise and counsel the CEO in the execution of the CEO's duties;
- in consultation with the CEO, to approve the appointment of the other Officers and to approve the terms and conditions (including compensation) of those Officer's employment by the Corporation; and
- to assess the adequacy of the processes implemented by the Corporation to train and develop the Officers and other members of senior management and to achieve the orderly succession of management.

(e) corporate governance

The Board has the responsibility:

- to implement appropriate structures and procedures to permit the Board to function independently of management;
- to analyze the definition of independence and its application to individual directors on a periodic basis;

- to establish appropriate practices for the regular evaluation of the effectiveness of the Board, its committees and individual directors;
- to establish committees and approve their respective mandates and the limits of authority delegated to each committee;
- to establish limits of authority delegated to Officers; and
- to assess the integrity and professional conduct of the Officers and other members of senior management, to monitor their compliance with applicable law and the policies adopted by the Corporation and to evaluate their success in creating a corporate culture of integrity, professionalism and compliance with legal and corporate standards.

(f) public disclosure

The Board has the responsibility:

- to supervise the Corporation's compliance with its public disclosure obligations;
- to verify that the Corporation has in place policies and programs that ensure that the Corporation communicates effectively and on a timely basis with shareholders, employees, other stakeholders and the public generally;
- to verify that management of the Corporation discharges its responsibilities in relation to the preparation and fair presentation of the Corporation's annual consolidated financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards;
- to verify that the financial performance of the Corporation is adequately reported to shareholders and regulators on a timely and regular basis;
- to verify the timely disclosure of any other developments that have, or could have, a material or significant impact on the business or affairs of the Corporation; and
- to report at least annually to the shareholders of the Corporation on its stewardship of the business and affairs of the Corporation.

(g) compliance monitoring

The Board has the responsibility to:

- to monitor the Corporation's compliance with applicable law in the conduct of its business and affairs including compliance with each of its contractual obligations;
- to monitor the Corporation's compliance with its policies and procedures in the conduct of its business and affairs including compliance with policies and procedures concerning such matters as the health and safety of its employees, the protection of the environment and ethical business conduct;
- to verify that the Corporation maintains adequate internal controls and information systems for the purpose of ensuring that the Corporation satisfies all of its compliance obligations; and

- to take remedial action if the Corporation fails to satisfy any of its compliance obligations.

(h) other responsibilities

The Board has the responsibility to:

- to ensure that all new directors receive an orientation respecting the Corporation's business and affairs and receive continuing education opportunities to enhance their skills; and
- to take such other action that is consistent with this mandate, the Corporation's articles, by-laws and policies and applicable law as the Board considers necessary or appropriate acting reasonably.

4. Meetings and Operation

The Chair or any two directors may call a meeting of the Board, at such time and at such place as they determine, by giving at least forty eight hours' notice of such meeting to all directors.

The Board shall meet as often as it determines, but not less frequently than quarterly.

Independent directors shall meet regularly and as often as necessary to fulfill their responsibilities, without non-independent directors and management participation.

A quorum for meetings of the Board will be a majority of directors and the rules for calling, holding, conducting and adjourning meetings of the Board will be those prescribed by the articles and by-laws of the Corporation.

The affirmative vote of a majority of the directors participating in any meeting of the Board is necessary for the adoption of any resolution.

The Chair will preside at all meetings of the Board, unless the Chair is not present, in which case the directors that are present will designate from among such members the Chair for the purposes of the meeting.

Agendas, approved by the Chair, will be circulated to the directors along with background information on a timely basis prior to the Board meetings. Minutes of all meetings of the Board will be taken. The minutes of the Board will be recorded and maintained.

All directors are expected to allow sufficient time to review meeting materials and be prepared for Board meetings. Directors are expected to attend most, if not all, Board meetings.

A director or directors may participate in a meeting of the Board by means of such telephonic, electronic or other communication facilities that permit all persons participating in the meeting to communicate adequately with each other, and a director participating in such a meeting by any such means is deemed to be present at that meeting.

The CEO will attend meetings of the Board where matters relating to the functions as the Board are dealt with, unless otherwise excused from all or part of any such meeting by the Chair. The Board may invite such other Officers, directors and employees of the Corporation as it sees fit from time to time

to attend at meetings of the Board and assist in the discussion and consideration of the matters being considered by the Board.

Subject to the articles and by-laws of the Corporation and applicable law, the Board may delegate powers, duties and responsibilities to committees of the Board and the Board retains the responsibility of managing its own affairs including selecting its Chair, nominating candidates for election to the Board, constituting committees of the full Board, determining directors' compensation and assessing the effectiveness of the Board, committees and directors in fulfilling their responsibilities.

5. Independent Advisors

The Board has the authority to retain such independent advisors as it may consider necessary or advisable for its purposes. The expenses related to such engagement shall be funded by the Corporation.

6. Responsibilities of the Chair

The Chair of the Board is appointed at the pleasure of, and reports to the Board. The responsibilities of the Chair include:

- working collaboratively with the CEO to coordinate the affairs of the Board and to ensure effective relations with Officers, shareholders, other stakeholders and the public; and
- ensuring that the Board is organized properly, functions effectively, and meets its obligations and responsibilities in all aspects of its work.

(a) relationship with the CEO

The Chair will maintain unfettered bi-lateral communication with the CEO. The Chair's interaction with all other Officers is permitted as appropriate.

The Chair will work collaboratively with the CEO:

- to act as the principal sounding board, counselor and confidant for the CEO, including helping to review strategies, define issues, maintain accountability, and build relationships;
- to ensure the CEO is aware of concerns of the directors, other Officers, shareholders, other stakeholders and the public;
- to assess, in conjunction with the relevant committees, the performance of the CEO and provide input with respect to compensation and succession;
- to work closely with the CEO to ensure management strategies, plans, and performance are appropriately presented to the Board; and
- at the request of the CEO, to provide assistance on major policy issues such as acquisitions, divestitures, and new strategic initiatives.

(b) relationship with the board

The Chair will work collaboratively with the other members of the Board:

- to lead the Board in monitoring and evaluating the performance of the CEO, the accountability of the CEO, and the implementation of management succession and development plans;
- to ensure the Board receives adequate and regular updates from the CEO on all issues important to the interests of the Corporation;
- to maintain a liaison and communication with all directors and committee chairs to coordinate input from directors, and optimize the effectiveness of the Board and its committees; and
- in collaboration with the CEO, to ensure data requested by directors or committees is provided in a timely manner and meets their needs.

(c) board meetings

The Chair has the responsibility:

- to chair meetings of the Board;
- to ensure the directors are alert to their obligations to the Corporation, shareholders, management, other stakeholders and pursuant to law;
- to establish the frequency of meetings of the Board and review such frequency from time to time, as considered appropriate or as requested by the directors;
- to assist the appropriate committee in identifying a slate of directors to be nominated for election to the Board;
- to recommend board committees and their composition, review the need for, and the performance and suitability of, those committees and make such adjustments as are deemed necessary from time to time, all in conjunction with the CEO and the relevant committees;
- to prepare the agenda and co-ordinate the distribution of the agenda, information packages and related materials for meetings of the Board in consultation with the CEO;
- to coordinate the review and assessment of individual attendance, performance and compensation of directors and the size and composition, and overall performance of the Board, all in conjunction with the relevant committees of the Board;
- to endeavor to ensure that the Board's key discussions take place when as many of the directors as possible are present and that essential decisions are made when as many directors as possible are present (either in person or by telephone);
- to endeavor to ensure that Board meetings can be scheduled to deal with important business that arises outside of the regular periodic meetings;
- to endeavor to ensure that the Board is able to function independently of management;

- to consider, and allow for, when appropriate, a meeting of all independent directors, so that Board meetings can take place without management being present;
- to endeavor to ensure reasonable procedures are in place to allow for directors to engage outside advisors at the expense of the Corporation, in appropriate circumstances; and
- to apply the Rules of Order:
 - to ensure that the meeting is duly constituted;
 - to ensure the meeting provides for reasonable accommodation;
 - to confirm the admissibility of all persons at the meeting;
 - to preserve order and the control of the meeting; and
 - to ascertain the sense of the meeting by a vote on all questions properly brought before the meeting.

(d) shareholder meetings

The Chair has the responsibility:

- to chair meetings of shareholders;
- to ensure, in collaboration with the CEO and relevant committees, that the Corporation's management and, where applicable, the Board are appropriately represented at official functions and meetings with major shareholder groups, and other stakeholder groups;
- at the request of the CEO, to assist in representing the Corporation at specific shareholder presentations, or with senior levels of industry or government to promote specific corporate objectives;
- at the request of the CEO, to undertake public service activities in conjunction with the Corporation's charitable, educational and cultural objectives; and
- to apply the Rules of Order:
 - to ensure that the meeting is duly constituted;
 - to ensure the meeting provides for reasonable accommodation;
 - to confirm the admissibility of all persons at the meeting;
 - to preserve order and the control of the meeting;
 - to appoint scrutineers if requested and instructing them in their duties;
 - to rule on the validity of proxies; and
 - to ascertain the sense of the meeting by a vote on all questions properly brought before the meeting.